[Numb. 725.]

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, March 29, 1759.

NEW-YORK, March 19.

Thursday last arrived here the General Wolfe Packet-Boat, Capt. Lestrohan, in 8 Weeks and 1 Day from Falmouth. By Letters from Lisbon dated the 2d of January we are informed, that Admiral Saunders was arrived there, and that the Fleet under his Command was to sail from thence in a few Days on an Expedition of Importance. That the King of Portugal, notwithstanding the Peace between Great-Britain and Spain, was determined to support the Honour of his Crown, and to make such Disposition of his Forces, as should effectually prevent the Spaniards from making any Conquests.

MAGDEBURGH, December 18.

NOTWITHSTANDING the great Success we have had against the Austrians and Russians, and the Advantages we have gained over the French Armies, Wants for raising Money and subsisting the War, Hindrances in the Levying Recruits, &c. were Things, that laying forth Reasonings to the People, are always the Bane of Peace.

Vienna, Dec. 23. Count Daun continues here the 4th in the Evening, and then they proceed as far as Neustadt, and from thence to Gratz, to receive the Orders of Theresa, attended with large Retinues, which was not also the Mode before the Silesian Conquest. It is conjectured, that after this Solemnity is over, he will be sent to Court, and have an Council of War to consult him.

Hamburg, Jan. 5. Count Daun has received, and with the Troops under his Command, the 31st Dignity of Lieutenant-General, and, as is reported, had taken Possession of the Town of Dunkerque, there's Reason of some Hours.

Dresden, Dec. 27. Last Monday a large Body of Prussian Troops entered the Neustadt, and all the Passes to Pirna, to fortify them with Provisions and Forage, as their Camp was thought a convenient Train of Artillery made, we are still in Expectation of a Battle being fought.

Dresden, Dec. 28. Prince Ferdinand has ordered all the Troops of the Army to be ready to take the Field by the 10th of January, intends to be attacked by the French, who are preparing for an early Campaign.

Hanover, Dec. 28. The Duke of Brunswick Feverdingen has received a Letter, and Something him to Understand, that he may draw, in the Name of Hanover, Subsidies for the Troops of Hesse-Cassel in the Service of England, which was to consist of 6 Battalions and 6 Squadrons, and to be ready to march by the 1st of January, 1759. Accordingly the Commissary of War, Mr. Schlieper, who followed the Army to get Provisions for it, when Prince Ferdinand's Head Quarters were at Cassel, delivered the Money to the Commissary of the Hessian Troops, who received it for the Use of the Landgrave.

The King of Prussia arrived at Breslau the 13th Inst. Count Dohna's Troops were to have left Breslau the 15th, and Count Fouquet the 16th, in order to join the Army under the Prince of Bevern, and the Corps of Troops under the Prince of Prussia.

Dresden, Dec. 29. A Body of Prussian Troops have, by Orders, marched into the Neustadt, and all the Passes into Bohemia are fully occupied by the Prussians.

Petersburg, Dec. 12. It is still uncertain when General Fermor will be ready to take an Account of his Conduct, previously to his quitting the Stage of Affairs; the Orders are, however, issued for the Assembling of the Troops.

Berlin, Dec. 30. We have Reason to imagine that the Prussians will not be Masters of Dresden, as Count Rutowsky is posted with a strong Body of Troops in the Neighbourhood of that City, and has received Orders to defend it to the last Extremity.

Magdeburgh, Dec. 30. Yesterday arrived here Count Dohna, with the Troops under his Command, from Breslau, and this Day they proceed on their March to Saxony.

Hague, December 26. They talk here of a confidential Negociation to be made in this Part next Spring. The India Company are getting ready some Ships at Port L'Orient, and it seems they intend to send them out before the End of this March.

LONDON.

Dec. 18. On Friday Admiral Osborn was declared, without Opposition, Knight of the Shire for the County of Bedford, in the Room of the late Earl of Ossory.

Dec. 19. The following is an Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, dated December 16: "Since my last arrived here Rear-Admiral Holmes, who is going out in the Norfolk, Captain Houghton, as the Post, to relieve Rear-Admiral Saunders, and other upon him the Command of the Squadron cruising thereabouts to join admiral Shuldham's Squadron here. The Admiral will sail the first fair Wind. It is said a Squadron of 9 Sail of Men of War is to go to the East-Indies, under the Command of Commodore Moore, in the Lenox, of 74 Guns, which Ship is actually victualled and stored for that Purpose. The Squadron to consist of the Lenox, the Revenge, of 74 Guns, the Intrepid, of 64 Guns, the Salisbury, of 50 Guns. The Command of the Ships, of 50 Guns, is given to Captain Drake. ——We hear that an Order was issued on Saturday last for discharging the Deputies of a Cartel with 4000 French Prisoners, which are to be exchanged for the same Number of English now confined in several Parts of France.

Portsmouth, Dec. 20. The Ships of War now ready for Service are in the South, which all the political Reasons in Europe will hardly be able to keep cruising if an Enemy should happen which is hourly expected. The King of Prussia does not seem to be a Stranger to the Friendship some Princes bear him. Every step gives him Reason to suspect the Intrigues of the Court of Vienna, supported by the Influence of Russia, which has prepared all Things, even Supposed his Ruin. The King of the Gallicas will hardly close his Ears against the Voice, when a fair an Opportunity offers. And the Queen of Hungary has enough upon her Hands; and, perhaps, from the Confusion of her affairs, if not, how many Millions must perish for the Ambition of a Day!

Dec. 21. Yesterday the Honourable Board of Customs informed us Tuesday the 16th Day of January ——By an Order from the Court of France, all Englishmen in all the Prisons that retain in their Power, in order to take the Ides for the Dissolution of the Peace, are ordered, that the King of Poland, as Elector of Saxony, and Prussia, dead of the Body, gave his Opinion for not passing the Passage of the Rhine under the Ban.

Dec. 22. His Prussian Majesty is so prudent in Affairs, and notwithstanding the Measures taken for putting the Troops into Winter Quarters, it is observed that the Prussian Troops, which have been in Chemnitz, are preparing their Winter Equipage; and Advices are also laid of Trains of Artillery are getting ready in different Places. ——They write from Dresden, of the 20th Inst. that the King of Prussia has ordered 100,000 Rixdollars to be raised in that City, as he did about 2 Months ago. Several Houses that had their Houses and Effects confiscated, in the Time of the Silesian and Saxon Marches, have petitioned the Prussian Commissary, who has the Direction of Affairs in Saxony, that they may be restored to them; but the Commissary has refused their Petitions, and declared, that all Saxons, who have left their Houses, and have not returned to them by the 1st of January, 1759, shall be looked upon as Enemies to the King of Prussia, and their Effects confiscated.

Bruges, Jan. 2. On the 28th Instant the Prince de Soubise, having received Letters of the Magistrates of Francfort for some Battalions of his Army to pass through the City, took that Opportunity to seize that important Place, into which he sent 3 or 4 Regiments.

'Tis said that our Merchants have, by Way of Confederacy, renounced all Commerce with the French Colonies; whereby it is hoped our unnatural Affairs will be the more easily adjusted.

Brest, December 18. They talk here of a conditional Capitulation to be made in this Port next Spring. The India Company are getting ready some Ships at Port L'Orient, and it seems they intend to send them out before the End of this March.

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Dec. 23. We hear that three Battalions of the Foot Guards will go abroad as an Expedition in the Spring.

Dec. 25. This Day the Right Honourable Sir Charles Frederic, Knight of the Bath, commonly called the Marquis of Winchester, was, by his Majesty's Command, sworn of his Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and took his Place at the Board accordingly. ——The King of Denmark has refused to take upon him the Protection of the Duchy of Mecklenbourg, as the Emperor had requested. His Danish Majesty answered his Imperial Majesty, that as Duke of Holstein he was too weak to support that Charge; and that as King he had not Orders to receive from any one. ——Last Week 4 Quarters of Lead Shot, and other military Stores, were shipped for the West-Indies. ——The Bounties and Rewards for Seamen are continued till the 18th of February.

Dec. 26. The King of Prussia has declared the Son of his late Brother, Prince of Prussia. The Prince of Conti is to take the Command of the Army in Germany, in the Room of Marshal Contades.

Dec. 27. It is said that a grand Expedition will be undertaken very early in the Spring. ——The following is an Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, dated December 22. "Since my last arrived the Ramillies, Rear-Admiral Saunders, who is very ill on board with the Gout. A Squadron of 20 Men of War is fitting for the East-Indies with great Expedition. ——On Thursday last 450 Soldiers, who were made Prisoners at St. Cas, were landed at Dover out of a Cartel Ship, and Yesterday the Guards arrived in Town. There are about 150 of the Sick and Wounded left in France, who will be brought over in the next Cartel Ships.

Jan. 1. Several Officers are ordered to be ready to embark. ——Count Dohna, as in Person of the Swedish Army. ——It is said the King of Spain is dangerously ill.

Jan. 2. The King of Denmark has ordered 16,000 more Troops to join those in Holstein. ——The Hanoverian Minister has laid before the Diet of the Empire the Account of Damages sustained by the Electorate of Hanover, amounting to 4,984,449 Rixdollars.

January 2. Great Quantities of Bombs, great Shot, and other Military Stores, are getting ready for the intended Expedition.

The Dutch Ship, mentioned in the Papers some Time since to have been sent into the Port by his Majesty's Ships Winchelsea, Isis, and Vesper, took on board 1200 Barrels of Gunpowder, 3000 Round Shot, and 4500 Double Headed. This is the third Voyage, having destroyed one of the like

Corsica in France this Year, and cleared out for St. Sebastians at the same Time.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant Henry Caldwell, of Gen. Colville's Regiment, to be Assistant Quarter-Master General in America, with the Rank of Captain.

Lieutenant Lisle, of General Webb's, to be another Assistant in America, with the same Rank.

Alexander Murray, Esq; Major to Gen. Will. Warburton's Regiment, to have the Rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in America only. And,

——— Farquhar, Esq; Major to General Amherst's Regiment, to have the Rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in America only.

Jan. 3. By a Letter from Hamburgh there is an Account, that the King of Denmark had ordered 16,000 of his Troops from Norway, to join those already in Holstein and Sleswyk, and that it was said his Danish Majesty would pass over there in April next to review them. The assembling such a large Body of Troops causes much Speculation.

Jan. 4. Count Daun, it is said, is soliciting to leave the Service of the Empress Queen.——The Swedish Army is retired under the Cannon of Stralsund.——A Prussian Privateer is sailed from Embden, to cruize against the Swedes.——General Wolfe is to command in the next Expedition.

Jan. 6. The Lizard Man of War is arrived at Plymouth; she looked into Brest the 31st of December, and saw seven Men of War, and three smaller, ready for Sea; one had a white Flag at the Maintopmast-head.

Jan. 5. Six Battalions of the Guards are ordered to be in Readiness by the First of March.

A powerful Fleet is getting ready, no less than 42 Press Gangs being now employed to pick up straggling Seamen.

We hear, that in an Expedition to be undertaken this Spring, the Land Forces will be commanded by General Wolfe, under whom a Person of Distinction will have a Command.

Jan. 8. It is said the States General have agreed to add 10,000 Men to their Land Forces, and 15 more Ships to their Navy.

We hear that 30 Men of War are ordered speedily to take in eight Months Provision each, and that 14 of them are to be of the Line.

January 14.

Extract of a Letter from Senegal, on the Coast of Africa, dated Nov. 20.

"Some Time since our Commander here sent a Detachment against some Natives in the French Interest, but were repulsed with the Loss of 22 Men killed, with the second in Command, 27 wounded, and the Rest escaped by Flight.

News is soon expected from the Coast of Africa, where before this Time Mr. Keppel must have arrived, if no Accident has happened to detain him in his Voyage.

The Preparations for the intended Expedition are going on with the greatest Dispatch. Above 50 new flat bottomed Boats have been built, and many more are still building, which are sent off to Portsmouth, as fast as they can be finished, that nothing may prevent the Scheme from being put into Execution as early as possible in the Spring.

Jan. 10. There is a Report, that the Bavarian and Wirtemberg Troops have left the Army of the Empire in disgust.——George Orby Hunter, Esq; is appointed Intendant General of the allied Army in Germany.——Capt. Bathest has got the Swallow Sloop.——The Success and Mermaid Men of War are to sail with the Fleet for Carolina.

Jan. 11. All the Men of War at Portsmouth are ready for Sea, and all the flat bottomed Boats are built.

Ships arrived from North-America.

From Virginia and Maryland, December 11. The Endeavour, Storey, in the River; the King of Prussia, Hamilton, at Falmouth. 12. The Peggy and Elisabeth, Whiting, at Plymouth; the Mary, Falla, at Guernsey. 16. The Bristol Packet, Goodwin, at Bristol; the Sally, Montgomery, M. at Glasgow. 20. The Lee, Johnson, M. in the Downs; the Dunlop, Boyle, and Dolphin, Gillet, at Glasgow. 21. The Nelly, Kerr, and Susie, Peters, at Glasgow; the Donald, ——, at Lochendale; the Woodford, Lexham, M. at Haverfordwest. 26. The Brothers, Anderton, and Elizabeth, Robertson, at Glasgow; the Nelly, Grason, Blackburn, Ewing, and Ellen, Dawson, at Whitehaven.——Jan. 5. The Success, Gardiner, in the River; the Queensborough, Carmichael, and Betsy, Maxwell, at Cork.

Jan. 12. By the last Letters from Portugal we have Advice, that Information being given to the King that three Noblemen, who had been concerned in a Plot against him, had taken Shelter in certain Convents, his Majesty caused a Party of Horse Guards, with some Militia, to surround those Convents, in order that the said Noblemen might be seized; and accordingly two of them were taken, but the third made his Escape. The Mercury, an English Man of War, which lay in the Harbour, and the Ships of all Nations, ready to sail, were ordered to stop for some Time, that the Noblemen who had escaped might have no Opportunity of getting out of the Kingdom.

It is said the Dutch have at this Time several of their Ships employed in carrying on the French Trade to the East Indies; in Consequence of which their India Company's Actions rise considerably.

It is also said that the Spaniards, Danes and Swedes, are going to assist us in the same Way our good Allies the Dutch do.

A great Quantity of Cloathing of all Kinds is preparing to be embarked speedily, for the Use of the Army in Germany, as well the Hanoverians and Hessians, as the English Troops.

There are 32 Vessels of War from 90 Guns to 42 at Plymouth, besides Transports, &c. they are to be equipped there, and joined by several others from Portsmouth, in order to put to Sea earlier than was at first directed.

General Wolfe is promoted to the Rank of a Major General; and the Hon. George Townshend is made a Brigadier-General; and they are both to be employed in the same Expedition.

Jan. 13. The French are making great Preparations along the Coast, to defeat any future Enterprise that may be undertaken against them. They are particularly attentive to the State of the Fortifications of St. Maloes, and of the Isles of Oleron and Rhee, the Fortifications of which are considerably augmented and repaired.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, January 12.

"We are informed that we shall have here the greatest Armament this Spring that has been known in the Memory of Man.

"In the Expedition to North-America, Colonel Wolfe is to act as Major-General, and Lieut. Col. Murray of General Amherst's Regiment as Brigadier.

A Letter from our Correspondent in Holland advises, that the Armies of the Empress Queen have Subsistence but very badly, but that the Case is very different in the Army of France. Upwards of Three Millions of Livres are owing to the Contractors that supply the Hospitals; and for Want of the Sum of 12,000,000 Livres, an Exchange of Prisoners cannot be made with the Hanoverians.

List of the two Fleets which are said to be destined for North-America, and the East Indies, viz.

For North-America. Shrewsbury, of 60 Guns; Warspite, 60; Alcide, 74; Medway, 60; Stirling Castle, 74; Dublin, 74; Oxford, 74; Northumberland, 74; Somerset, 74; Neptune, 90; Terrible, 74; Conqueror, 74; Royal William, 80; Intrepid, 64; Seahorse, 20; Diana, 36; Rochford Firethip, 20; Bombketch Dixie, 18; Vesuvius Ditto, 18; Cumbrian, 18; Baltimore Sloop, 16; and Pelican Ditto, of 18 Guns.

For the East-Indies. Lenox, of 74 Guns; York, 70; Duke of Aquitaine, 60; Anson, 60; Falmouth, 50; Falkland, 60; Tridea, 64; Hampshire, 50; Emerald, 36; and St. Helena, of 36 Guns.

The Squadron destined for America is to be Commanded by Rear-Admiral Saunders, and the Ships are almost all ready for Sea. What Squadron is to the East Indies will be Commanded by Commodore Lord Colville.

Yesterday it was strongly reported, that two French Men of War, one of 60, and the other of 74 Guns, were lost on the Coast of Barbary, but that the Crews were saved; who, it is thought, will be made Slaves by the Moors.

Last Monday two Companies of the Royal Regiment of Artillery marched from Woolwich to Portsmouth, in order to embark for North-America.

Letters from Spain, of the 11th ult. say, the King grew worse and worse.

The King of the two Sicilies has ordered a Squadron to be got ready to carry him and the Royal Family to Spain. Some Letters pretend to say that the King of Spain will abdicate his Crown in favour of the Prince.

The Prince of Soubise has sent his Head Quarters to Frankfort.

We hear the following Gentlemen are promoted to the Rank of Admirals; Captains Elliot Smith, Cornish, Geary, and Callis.

Orders are given to provide a sufficient Number of Transports for 25,000 Men.

CARRICK-TOWN (in South-Carolina) *February* 14.

Last Wednesday the Dutch Snow, Vrow Aleeta, [illegible] some Time since seized and brought in here by the Nassau, Capt. Billingsley, of Liverpool, being loaded with French Produce, was cleared at a Court of Admiralty held for this Province, and she being condemned as a Prize, was delivered to the Proprietors; But as Appeals in the High Court of Admiralty of Great-Britain was immediately lodged, in Behalf of the Captors.

Thursday last, being the Second Day of distributing Examinations, and separating the Cargo of the Dutch Snow Vrow Aleeta, all the Articles of Linen, the Second Cask of Coffee (all being proved for Papers, by a bearded Instrument made on Purpose) yielded a large Bundle of very interesting French Papers, sewed up in Canvas, and laid in the Bottom of the Cask.

[illegible] said Vessel's Cargo, which is absolutely proved to be French Property, and the undoubted French Cargoes of many other Dutch Vessels, and occasion a most surprising Scene of Mistery. More Papers are expected to be found, secreted in the same Manner. But already the Examination has Detected this Snow's Cargo being in every Respect entirely as French Produce, and not having the least Article to be serviceable to the Captors of any other pretended Dutch Vessels, whose Examination has still depended by the Lights the above mentioned Papers have given.

We shall not here enter into any Remarks, that a solemn Affidavit has been lately transmitted to us from St. Eustatia, attested on the Information of every Article of the Vrow Aleeta's Cargo, of the whole being no other than Dutch Property, by the conversing Shippers of the Goods, and by the Oath of a Person whose Station in life [illegible] had set him above Temptation or Perjury.

N B W-Y O R K, *March* 16.

Monday Evening last, arrived from a Second Cruize, the Privateer Sloop Royal Fanny, Capt. Dale, and brought in with him the Brig Prince Ferdinand, Delaney, Master, of 4 Guns and 18 Men; formerly Queen Bound to Gibraltar, and was one of the Fleet [illegible] our last.

Next Day was sent in by the General Wolfe, Capt. Seymour, the Snow Industry, Malcolm Ruddle, late Master, from Montserrat, for Old France. Her Cargo is Sugar, Cotton and Cocoa, and was taken the 30th of January last. The above Vessel was formerly the Sir Andrew of Glasgow, Capt. Gillies, and [illegible] about six Months ago for [illegible] on a Voyage from Glasgow for Antigua, when Capt. Gillies had one of his Arms [illegible] engaging the Privateer he was taken by.

Friday last the Ship La Jean, from the Cape, and the Mosquito, of 4 Guns and 60 Men, Monsieur Mosse, Master, [illegible] sail in here, by the Captain, Capt. Lovegrove, and King of Prussia, Capt. Donaldson, both in Privateers of this Port. She engaged the Latter more than two Hours, but Capt. Lovegrove [illegible] so close, that Monsieur, after having first his Colonel killed, and seven wounded, was obliged to strike his Colours. Capt. Donaldson could not pursue the Mosquito, being [illegible] the Latter was taken the 21st of February, in [illegible] brought to be Acts of Friendship from the Governor of the Island of Martinico, to the Governor of this Port, from the Commander of the French Men of War, lying there, ordering the Men of War and the whole Fleet to Cape Francois, [illegible] Cargo consists of 225 Hogsheads and 28 Barrels of Muscovado Sugar, 60 Hogsheads and 3 Barrels of Coffee, 24 Hogsheads and 14 Barrels of Indigo, besides 501 Hides, 40 Casks of Limes, and some other Articles.

By the Albany Post we learn, That Major Rogers had been out on a Scout, and that he fell in with and attacked some Frenchmen, a Body of the Enemy, of which he killed, 18, brought off 6 Prisoners, and 6 Scalps; that he had a distant View of Fort Carillon, and discovered all the Out-Works; that he left a Man in the Enemy's Camp, and that several of his Party were frost-bitten, and suffered by the extreme severe Weather.

Extract of a Letter from Albany, dated March the [illegible]

"By an Express from Fort-Edward, last Saturday Night, we have an Account, That Major Rogers was on his Return from a grand Scout with upwards of 200 Men; that he had taken 6 Prisoners and 6 Scalps, and killed about 20 of the Enemy. Our Loss is as follows; 9 Men killed, one Mohawk wounded, and about 14 Men frost-bit. The Prisoners say, in Account, that 70 French Indians were [illegible] to cut off our Convoys between Fort-Wm. and Saratoga. All the Forts above Albany are upon their Guard, for that it is supposed the Enemy chief will make from those Garrisons.

We are assured from good Authority, that [illegible]

Province of Pensylvania, which have valued One Hundred Thousand Pounds, for his Majesty's Service during the existing Circumstances; and that it was generally thought there would be a plentiful Harvest in that Province, particularly in the Counties settled the last Year.

ANNAPOLIS, March 29.

His Excellency the Governor is expected in Town, from [illegible], on Thursday or Saturday next.

And the General Assembly is to meet here on Monday.

Last Tuesday Evening arrived here the Schooner *Charles*, Capt. *Peter Seward*, in 20 Days from *Antigua*. By whom we have Advice, that Major-General *Hopkins* died of a Fever at *Guadaloupe*, about 10 Days before he left *Antigua*; and succeeded by Major-General *Barrington*. That the whole Island of *Guadaloupe* had not submitted to his Majesty's Arms, many of the Inhabitants having fled to, and remaining in, the almost inaccessible Mountains. And that the Troops were sickly, many of them dying.

This Morning arrived here the Ship *Mary-Ann*, Captain *Edward Weal*, (whom we have mentioned to have sailed from *London*.) She came out with Wollen Goods consigned to different Ports, some of them to *Carolina* with Freights to the *Indians*, under Convoy of the *Severn* and *Mermaid*; but parted from them about 100 Leagues to the Westward of *Madeira*. Tuesday last she departed with the *Edward*, Capt. *Dodd*, for *Rappahannock*; and Yesterday Morning came in the Capes.

Last Monday arrived at *Hampton*, from *Plymouth*, with Dispatches for his Excellency *General Amherst*, and the Several Governors, his Majesty's Frigate the *Enterprize*, of 32 Guns, Captain *Dawkins*, having left *Plymouth* the 5th of *February*. And on Saturday Evening, Lieutenant *Campbell*, from the *Enterprize*, also arrived at *Trenton* by Land, with the Dispatches to Governor *Sharpe*, and is going Northward to the Generals, and the other Governors. Mr. *Campbell* has brought the melancholy News of the Death of her Royal Highness the Princess of *Orange*, but not any of the Particulars of her Death. He likewise informs us, that a Fleet of 19 or 20 Sail of French Men of War, had got out of *Brest* the latter End of *January*; but whether gone not known. By this we have Letters of 29th the Town for a few Hours of the General Evening, that of *January*, from *January* 30, and *February* 1. From which we have taken the following Articles:

From the LONDON GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.

WHITEHALL, January 29.

ON Saturday Night last was received the following Letter from the Honourable Commodore KEPPEL, to the Right Honourable Mr. Secretary PITT:

"SIR, *Valley in Gibbs Bay, Jan. 3, 1759.*

"I ARRIVED Here with the Squadron under my Command the 28th of *December* last, in the Razeeth, and the most Material Service, agreeable to their Majesty's Instructions, I attacked with the Squadron the North-East Batteries on the Island of *Guadaloupe*, which were soon reduced to a desire to capitulate, and the Governor's Demands were, as he thought to march the French Troops out of the Garrison with the Honours of War. His Terms I positively rejected, and began a fresh Attack; it was, however, but of a very short Duration, when the Island, Forts, Garrison, &c. surrendered as Distresses to his Majesty's Squadron.

"Lieutenant-Colonel *Clerke* had his Troops embarked in the flat-bottom'd Boats, in good Order and Readiness, at a proper Distance, with the Transports, to attempt a Descent when it should be found practicable or requisite.

"Two Days after the Surrender of the Island, I ordered it to be delivered to the Garrison, Artillery, Stores, and Provisions, &c. found in it, to the Officer and Twelve Hundred Colonel *Clerke* to Garrison the Fleet, and the Colonel is taking all Precautions to secure and regulate the Garrison in the best Manner, and as well as Things will admit of.

"The Inhabitants, Slaves of the Island, with the Artillery, Ammunition, and Provisions, found in the Fleet as it's Surrender,

"*State of the Island of* GOREE, *as it surrendered to his Majesty's Squadron and Land Forces, on the 29th of December, 1758.*

"[illegible]

"[illegible]

"The Loss the Enemy sustained, as to Men, is so very differently given in, as by those that have been asked, that I shall defer giving the Number till another Opportunity.

Iron Ordnance	24 Pounders	18	6 not fit for Use
"	18 "	43	4 Unserviceable
"	12 "	4	
"	8 "	1	
"	6 "	3	
"	4 "	1	
"	3 "	2	
		94	

Iron Swivels mounted on Carriages 11

" Brass Mortars mounted on Beds 2 of 13 Inches

" Ditto 1 of 10 Inch

" Iron 1 of 10 Inch

4 Mortars

In the Magazine, Powder 100 Barrels

" Shells filled and empty, }

" Shot of different Sizes, } a great Quantity,

" Cannon Cartridges filled, }

" Provisions of all Species for 400 Men for four Months.

"The Island of *Goree*, called *Gorway* by the *Dutch*, a small Island, but pleasant, about one League in Length, and half a League in Breadth, lies off *Cape Verd* in *Africa*. It is all composed of Rocks, and inaccessible every where, except at a little Creek [illegible] N. E. about an Furlong broad and 60 Fathoms long, inclosed between two Points of Land, on of which is pretty high, and called the Point of Barbary-Ground; the other is much lower, and called the Point of Red Rock, upon which the Sea beats with so much Violence, that it can be approached from a great Distance. There is very good anchorage all round this Island, and particularly in the aforementioned Creek. Between it and the main Land, the Shore runs [illegible] from the former, [illegible] a narrow and very good Harbour. This Island [illegible] to the Dutch in the Year 1617, by Admiral Heyn, of Cape Verd; and they have a Fort, called Nassau, on the Hill, near the Northward Side of it, on a pretty high Mountain, very strong, on all Sides. But this Fort was [illegible] to prevent the Enemy from landing in the Creek, they built another, called Fort Orange, on the same Mountain. It was taken by the English in 1663, by Commodore Holmes, and retaken by the Dutch, who kept it some Time after; but they did not keep it long; for the French, under Count de Estrees, made themselves Masters of it in 1677, and demolished the Forts, which were very strong, and mounted with Cannon; and [illegible] of the English Island until the Arrival of Commodore Keppel, as above mentioned.

Copy of a Letter from Capt. Barton, of the Litchfield.

"*Litchfield*, Man of War, Prisoner to the Chief of Barbary, at the Palace called Kasbah; about 6 Leagues to the Northward of Salle, *Barbary*, December 4.

"I am sorry to inform you, that on the 29th of November, his Britannic Majesty's Ship Litchfield, of 50 Guns and 350 Men, was cast away here. We have lost the first Lieutenant, Captain of Marines, and his Lieutenant, with several Officers and Seamen, amounting 200 in all. There are of us on Shore two of my Lieutenants and other Officers and Seamen, amounting to 250. It is very hard when we came on Shore, that the Ship soon went to Pieces, and we could not save either Provisions, or any other Necessaries. For these two Days past we have been on Shore, we have subsisted on drowned Sheep and Hogs, and Water and Flour Indented on the Face. Against Number of Men are lamed by the Surfice received against the Rocks, by the Violence of the Surf. The poor Seamen were extremely ill used by the Natives when they got ashore.

"P. S. The Somerset, a Transport with Troops, and a Bomb-Ketch, which were in Company with the Litchfield, are said to have shared the same Fate."

Jan. 14. By a Lisbon Mail arrived Yesterday, there is a Confirmation of 3 Portuguese Noblemen being taken into Custody for treasonable Practices. This Mail came in 12 Days, and one of these Noblemen was to be executed the Week after the Departure of the Packet-Boat. The other 2 were supposed to be in Danger of the same Fate. And the Jacobin Jesuits, that there are about 200 Persons of Note concerned in the same Conspiracy.

Jan. 15. The Juno Frigate is arrived at Plymouth from a Cruise, and has brought in the Mahonese Polacre, of Grenadilla, of 24 Nine Pounders, and 240 Men.

They write from Paris, that they have Advice from Brest, That 21 Ships of the Line, and 7 Frigates, lay in that Harbour, which, in Conjunction with other Men of War from Toulon, were to sail for North America as soon as possible.

By a Lisbon Mail arrived this Day, we have an Account of the following Executions, &c.

The Marchioness of Tavora, beheaded.

The Duke d'Aveiro, and the Marquis de Tavora, [illegible] the Wheel.

The Count d'Atouguia, the young Marquis de Tavora, Don José Maria the youngest, a Son of the old Marquis de Tavora's eldest Son, and Grandson of the Duke d'Aveiro, [illegible] and [illegible] the Wheel.

One Servant of the Duke d'Aveiro, [illegible] and another burnt in Effigy.

The Scaffold, with the dead Bodies, were consumed with Fire, and their Ashes thrown into the River.

The following remained in Prison, their Fate uncertain: Don Jozé de Tavora, Don Nuno de Tavora, Don Manoel de Tavora, Bishop of Oporto, Bishop of Evora, the Marquis de Gouvia, Marquis d'Alorko, Count de Obidas, Count de Ribeira, Dutchess d'Aveiro, the young Marquioness de Tavora, Countess d'Atougia, Feneralda de Tavenda, and about ten Jesuits.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, Jan. 14.

"Saturday arrived the Derbyshire from Lisbon, which confirms the Confirmation of Affairs there.

"The Squadrons for the East-Indies and America are equipping with great Alacrity."

Feb. 1. By Letters from Madrid of the 9th ult. we learn, that according to the last Accounts from Villa Viciosa, his Catholic Majesty grew worse, that he was weaker, and his Body reduced to a Skeleton; that he had made his Will, and appointed the King of the Two Sicilies to succeed him; and settled 1,200,000 Pieces of Eights as [illegible] for laying Masses for the Repose of his Soul.

Dover, Jan. 31. The Two Sisters, Hanriak, from Maryland, is arrived at Cork.

Nancy, Boyd, from Ditto, at Londonderry.

Expedition, Cook, from Virginia, at Hull.

Madrid, Dec. 25. If the Lunacy of Charles VIth occasioned such Misfortunes to France, what is not to be apprehended from the dreadful State into which the King our Gracious Sovereign is fallen? Ever since the Death of the Queen, he hath kept himself immured at Villa Viciosa, where he shuts himself up in a Chamber, abandoning himself to Grief and Melancholy, in a Manner, of which there are few Examples. He will not hear of any Business. He often passes 30 and 40 Hours, without taking [illegible] the least Rest but by Intervals, [illegible] across Chairs. His Constitution naturally good is daily impaired by this Kind of Life. He is much wasted, and a slow Fever, which sometimes increases much, wears him away insensibly. He hath never suffered himself to be shaved, nor put on clean Linen, since the 5th of September. He remains unmoved by the most respectful and most vehement Representations. The Care and Skill of the ablest Physicians, and we have many such with respect to these Kind of Disorders, have produced no Effect. The Nation naturally Superstitious, hath Recourse to Saints and Relics. Amidst these melancholy Circumstances he hath however been prevailed with to make his Will. The Count of Valdecastello performed the Office of Notary on that Occasion. And the Duke of Bejare, High Chamberlain, signed it for the King. The Infant Don Lewis stays constantly at the Palace of Villa Viciosa, but he does not see the King, who will see no Body. His Royal Highness confines himself, from Time to Time, with Evening, to avoid perhaps falling into his Brother's Disorder.

March 29th, 1759.

WHEREAS *Ruth M'Kinsey*, formerly Servant to me the Subscriber, is for ever hereafter justly separated and discharged from me, because of her having lately brought into my Family an adulterous Child, which was born about the Beginning of *June*, 1758, while I was absent in *Britain*; being born in full Time and Health on the second of this instant *March*. These are therefore to forewarn all Persons of whatever Denomination, for the future, from dealing with, or crediting her on my Account; for I do hereby solemnly protest, that I will not (according to Law) pay so much as a Farthing of any Debt or Debts, which she may contract from the Date hereof.

DANIEL M'KINSEY.

RANTOR.

IS now in the Hands of *Robert Wyle*, junior, near *Dilley's* Mill, and will Cover Mares this Season, for One Pistole, the Leap and Trial.

N. B. Good Care will be taken of the Mares by said *Wyle*.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Friday the 13th Day of April, at the House of Mr. John Inch, in ANNAPOLIS, *at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon,*

A QUANTITY of COFFEE, and a Parcel of DRY GOODS.

INDIGO SEED, new and good, just Imported, and to be Sold either by the Barrel or Bushel, at *Annapolis*, by ZACHARIAH HOOD.

THE Subscriber intends to open a DANCING-SCHOOL at Annapolis, on Wednesday the Fourth of *April* next, and to Teach DANCING Two Days in each Week, for a Pistole a Quarter, and Half a Pistole Entrance. Those Gentlemen and Ladies who shall be pleased to favour him with a Trial, may depend on his Diligence and Affidnity. ANTHONY SMITH.

He likewise informs those Gentlemen, to whom he is indebted, that he proposes to pay them quarterly, in Proportion to the Sums he is indebted to them, and hopes they will agree to his Proposal.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Wednesday the 18th of April *next, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Mr.* Samuel Middleton's *in* Annapolis, *for the Benefit of the Captors,*

THE Schooner PAULINA, a prime Sailer, and will carry 2000 Bushels of Grain, with her Apparel and Furniture, *viz.* Standing and running Rigging compleat, two Cables, two Anchors, some spare Rope and Spun-Yarn, Gibb and Flying-Gibb, Foresayfail, Foresail, Squarefail Gaff Topfail, Mainfail and Maintopmastfail, Gaff Topfail Ring-tail and Waterfail, a Bonnet for the Foresail, and another for the Gibb: Sundry Cabbin, Boatswain's, and other Stores, a new Cable; also, a Quantity of good Bacon, Bread, and Rice.

March 8, 1759.

For *BARBADOS*,

The Brigantine ANSON,
HENRY COSTIN,
MASTER,

NOW lying at *Charles-Town*, in *Cecil* County, will fail in about three Weeks, having two Thirds of her Cargo engaged.

For Freight or Paffage apply to *Mr. Zachariah Hood* in *Annapolis*, Mr. *Joseph Rofer* in *Charles-Town*, or the faid Maſter on board.

WHOEVER received from on board the *Duke William*, Capt. *William Bradford*, a Box of Merchandize, marked I. M. N°. 1. containing one Copper Plate-Warmer, one Chocolate Pot, one Tea Kettle, and a Coffee-Pot, is defired to give Information thereof to Capt. *Henry Gaskell*, living on *Patuxent* River, or to the Subſcriber in *Baltimore-Town*; and oblige

Their humble Servant,
JOHN MOORE.

STOLEN from Mr. *William Bell's* Plantation, near *Upper-Marlborough*, on the 14th of *February* laſt, a middle ſiz'd dark colour'd Horſe, has a Star in his Forehead, one hind Foot white, brand-ed on the off Buttock with the Letters GM, trots and gallops well.

Whoever brings the ſaid Horſe, and delivers him on the aforeſaid Plantation, ſhall receive a Piſtole Reward. REZIN BEALL.

March 15, 1759.

RAN away laſt Sunday Night from the Subſcriber's Plantation, near Mr. *Richard Snowden's* Iron Works, in *Anne-Arundel* County, the following Convict Servant Men, *viz.*

John Hanford, born in the Weſt of *England*, is a lufty well-let Man, about 25 Years of Age, wears a brown cut Wig, the Firſt Joint of the Fore Finger of his Left Hand has lately been cut off, which obliges him to wear a Finger-Stall. Had on a white Cotton under Jacket, a blue Pea Jacket over it, Leather Breeches, and old Country made Shoes and Stockings.

Thomas Hanſby, born in *England*, he is a lufty well-let Man, has ſhort red Hair, but may wear a Cap, is about the ſame Age, and his Apparel near the ſame as *Hanford's*.

John Tinsley, born in the Weſt of *England*, he is a ſlim Man, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high. His Apparel is near the ſame as the others.

Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Servants, ſo that their Maſter may have them again, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward for each, paid by

THOMAS RUTLAND.

Prince-George's County, March 6, 1759.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At Upper-Marlborough, *on the 9th of* April *next,*

A TRACT of Land called *Brother's Meadow*, containing 200 Acres, lying on the *Beaver-Dam* Branch, on Part of which *Samuel Harvey* lives; taken by Virtue of a Writ of *Fieri Facias*, from the Provincial Court, againſt the Lands and Tenements of *Robert Brother*, junior, for the Uſe of the Commiſſioners, or Truſtees, for Emitting Bills of Credit, eſtabliſhed by Act of Aſſembly.

COLMORE BEANES, Sheriff.

Prince-George's County, March 8, 1759.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At Upper-Marlborough, *on the 9th of* April *next,*

THE Plantation and Land whereon *John Brookes*, junior, lives, near *Mount Pleaſant*, containing 184 Acres; taken by Virtue of a Writ of *Fieri Facias*, from the Provincial Court, againſt the Lands and Tenements of *Samuel Brookes*, ſenior, for the Uſe of the Commiſſioners, or Truſtees, for Emitting Bills of Credit, eſtabliſhed by Act of Aſſembly.

3 COLMORE BEANES, Sheriff.

Prince-George's County, March 6, 1759.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At Upper-Marlborough, *on the 9th of* April *next,*

THE Plantation and Land where Mrs. *Rachel Sprigg* lives, containing 247 Acres, and Part of a Tract of Land called *Darnall's Green*, containing 59¼ Acres, lying near Mr. *Brogden's* Chapel; taken by Virtue of a Writ of *Fieri Facias*, from the Provincial Court, againſt the Lands and Tenements of *Oſborn Sprigg*, for the Uſe of the Commiſſioners, or Truſtees, for Emitting Bills of Credit, eſtabliſhed by Act of Aſſembly.

3 COLMORE BEANES, Sheriff.

Prince-George's County, March 6, 1759.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At Upper-Marlborough, *on the 9th of* April *next,*

THE Plantation and Land where Mrs. *Margaret Pike* lives, containing 302 Acres; and a Tract of Land called *Orinda*, containing 100 Acres, in the Poſſeſſion of Mr. *Enoch Magruder*, and adjoining to the Plantation whereon he lives; taken by Virtue of a Writ of *Fieri Facias*, from the Provincial Court, againſt the Lands and Tenements of Col. *Edward Sprigg*, for the Uſe of the Commiſſioners, or Truſtees, for Emitting Bills of Credit, eſtabliſhed by Act of Aſſembly.

3 COLMORE BEANES, Sheriff.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
TAYLOR,

HEREBY gives Notice to his old Cuſtomers, and Others, That he now carries on his Buſineſs at the Houſe where he formerly lived, (before he removed to his Plantation on the North Side of *Severn*) in *Annapolis*.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, in *St. Mary's* County, on the 18th of *February* laſt, an *Iriſh* Convict Servant Man named *Francis Rennie*, a likely well made ſly lubbarding Fellow, about ſix Feet high, diſcovers his Country by his Tongue; he has a large Scar on his Throat, and a Whiſtling in his Speech. It is ſuppoſed he will endeavour to Paſs for one *Stephen Stafford*, having Stole his Indentures with a Diſcharge thereon. He is a Blackſmith by Trade. Had on a dark brown bob Wig, a light colour'd Duffel Coat with ſix Metal Buttons, a blue Half-thick Waiſtcoat and Breeches, with Buttons of the ſame ſort; but is ſuppoſed to have Stolen other Cloaths. He rode off a large Bay Horſe Shod all Fours, with a light Hunting Saddle half worn, without a Saddle Cloth, in Company with one *Peter Turley*, an Apprentice; and is ſuppoſ'd to be gone to *Philadelphia* or *New York*.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Runaway, and ſecures him ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Four Piſtoles Reward, beſides what the Law allows, if taken in the Province; and Six Piſtoles if taken out of it. JAMES GEORGE PEARCE.

JOHN INCH,

HAVING lately purchaſed an excellent Parcel of Negroes from the Coaſt of *Guinea*, and ſeveral Likely Negroes from the Weſt-Indies, which he has brought in the laſt and moſt healthy Months of the Year, and which are now in good Health and Order, intends to ſell them at his Houſe in *Annapolis*, on the Corner of the Church Road.

He alſo Imports Rum, Sugar, Molaſſes, Cocoa, Chocolate, Coffee, Pimento, Ginger, Indigo, Cotton, Logwood, Fuſtick, Redwood, Braſil, Nicaragua, and Campeachy Wood, and ſells the ſame by Retail, Wholeſale or Broke, upon the moſt reaſonable Terms for Ready Money, or Short Credit, in Reſpect of Perſons.

He likewiſe has a Quantity of Gun-powder, Shot, and Lead, which he will ſell at a reaſonable Rate. He alſo Cuts, Dreſſes, and Sells Tobacco, and Contracts for any Quantity of the beſt Sort, to be Delivered at any Time the Buyer ſhall Appoint. He hereby Invites all Perſons indebted to him, to make Payment of their reſpective Balances, as he is determined to Sue all thoſe who ſhall neglect to make Payment by the 1ſt of *May* next, as he is reſolved to Contract no more Debts. He alſo Wants to Purchaſe a Number of GOODS, to be Sold for Money or Tobacco. JAMES MACKUBIN.

THE MANAGERS of the ANNAPOLIS LOTTERY, [illegible] Perſons indebted to the Company of Undertakers for the Lottery, [illegible] Scheme, for Proportions, diſpoſed of by Bond, or Note of Hand, to make Payment of their reſpective Sums, or Notes, to the Treaſurer, on or before the 1ſt Day of *April* next, or they will be put in Suit. All thoſe who have not yet ſettled their Accounts with their Agents in the ſeveral Counties, are deſired to come and diſcharge or ſettle the ſame, as they expect to be found in ſuch a Manner as will be agreeable to them.

GEORGE BERRY.

JUST IMPORTED,
And is to be SOLD by the Subſcriber, in ANNAPOLIS,

A CHOICE Parcel of the very beſt MADEIRA WINES, in Pipes, Hogſheads and Quarter Caſks.

LIKEWISE, a conſiderable Quantity of Ruſſia Duck, *German*, *Iriſh*, and Check Linens, Loaf Sugar, &c. DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

TO BE SOLD,

SEVERAL valuable Tracts of LAND, lying in the lower Part of *Baltimore* County, with Wood, Timber, and plenty of good Meadow Ground; for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or ſome Tobacco. For further Particulars enquire of

HENRY WARNER GRAHAM.

STRAYED from the Subſcriber's Plantation in *Prince-George's* County, Four Horſes, 2 of 5 Years old, branded on the Buttock S T, but not diſtinct, they may be alſo marked in the Ears. Strayed from the ſame Place, a Horſe branded on the Horſe S O.

Whoever will give Information, ſo as that the ſaid Caſtle may be got again, ſhall receive Ten Shillings Reward for each.

On Monday the 21ſt Day of March *inſtant, the Subſcriber will ſell to the Beſt Bidder, at the Houſe of Mr. William Brown, in* London-Town,

ABOUT 150 Acres of LAND, lying near Lower Landing-Town, the ſame being Part of the Eſtate of Mr. *William Penn*, late of ſaid Town, deceaſed. For Title, enquire of the Subſcriber

Leonard Dixon
James Dixon
James Mackubin

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM KING, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Church-Street*; where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 *s.* 6 *d. per* Year. And Advertiſements of a moderate Length are uſually inſerted for Five Shillings the firſt Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertiſements.